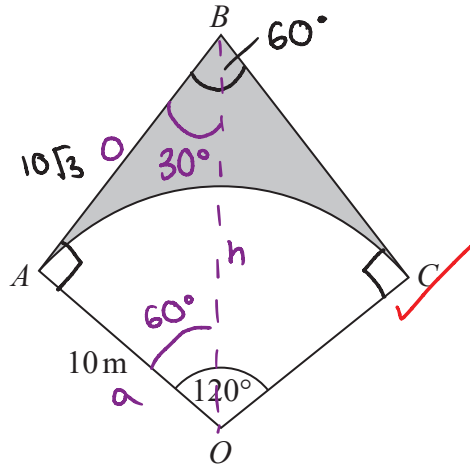


1.



OAC is a sector of a circle, centre O , radius 10 m.

BA is the tangent to the circle at point A .

BC is the tangent to the circle at point C .

Angle $AOC = 120^\circ$

Calculate the area of the shaded region.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$\begin{aligned}\angle ABC &= 360 - 90 - 90 - 120 \\ &= 60^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\tan x = \frac{o}{a}$$

$$\tan 60^\circ = \frac{AB}{10}$$

$$10 \times \tan 60^\circ = AB$$

$$10\sqrt{3} = AB$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area of circle} &= \pi r^2 \\ \text{Area of sector } AOC &= \frac{\pi r^2}{3}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{\pi \times 10^2}{3}$$

$$= 104.72 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2} bh$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 10\sqrt{3}$$

$$= 50\sqrt{3} \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Area of quadrilateral} = 173.21$$

$$\text{Shaded area} = \text{area of quadrilateral} - \text{area of sector}$$

$$\text{Shaded area} = 173.21 - 104.72$$

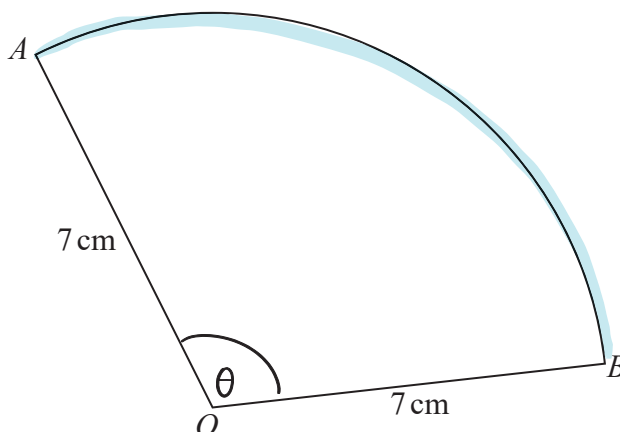
$$= 68.49$$

$$= 68.5$$

$$\dots\dots\dots 68.5 \text{ m}^2$$

(Total for Question is 5 marks)

2. OAB is a sector of a circle with centre O and radius 7 cm.



The area of the sector is 40 cm^2

Calculate the perimeter of the sector.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$\text{Sector area} = 40.$$

$$40 = \frac{\theta}{360} (\pi \times 7^2)$$

$$\theta = 93.54\dots^\circ \quad (1)$$

$$\text{ARC LENGTH} = \frac{\theta}{360} (2\pi r)$$

$$\text{SECTOR AREA} = \frac{\theta}{360} (\pi r^2)$$

$$\text{Perimeter} = \text{arc length} + \text{radius} + \text{radius}$$

$$= \frac{\theta}{360} (2\pi r) + r + r$$

$$= \left(\frac{93.54\dots (2 \times \pi \times 7)}{360} \right) + 7 + 7$$

$$= 25.440\dots \quad (1)$$

$$\approx \underline{\underline{25.4 \text{ cm}}} \quad (3\text{sf}) \quad (1)$$

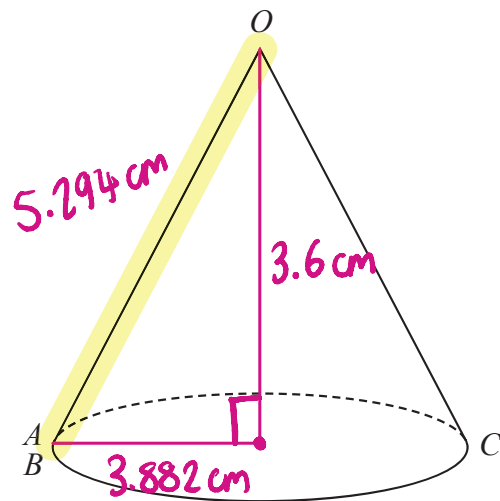
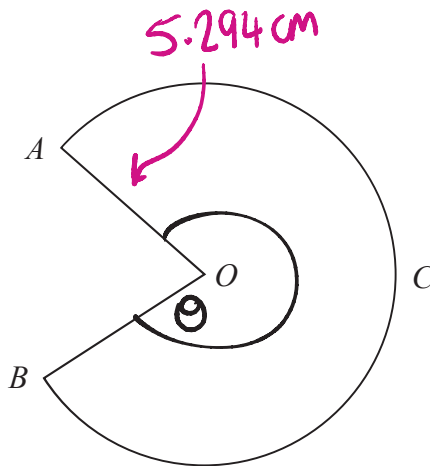
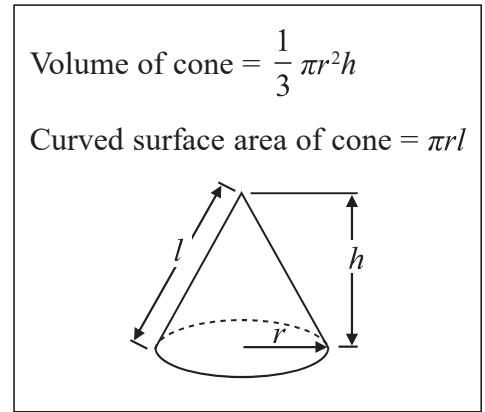
25.4

cm

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

3. The diagram shows a sector $OACB$ of a circle with centre O .
The point C is the midpoint of the arc AB .

The diagram also shows a hollow cone with vertex O .
The cone is formed by joining OA and OB .



The cone has volume 56.8 cm^3 and height 3.6 cm .

Calculate the size of angle AOB of sector $OACB$.
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.
You must show all your working.

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$56.8 = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 (3.6)$$

$$56.8 = 1.2 \pi r^2$$

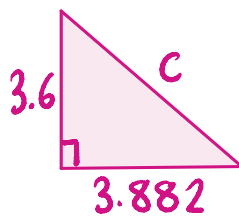
$$r^2 = \frac{56.8}{1.2 \pi}$$

square root

$$r = 3.882 \text{ (3dp)}$$

①

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$



$$3.882^2 + 3.6^2 = c^2$$

$$c^2 = 28.030 \text{ (3dp)}$$

$$c = 5.294 \text{ (3dp)}$$

①

Curved SA cone

$$= \pi r l$$

Curved SA cone

$$= \pi \times 3.882 \times 5.294$$

$$= 20.551 \pi \text{ (3dp)}$$

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

$$\text{Sector Area} = \frac{\theta}{360} \times \pi r^2$$

$$20.551\pi = \frac{\theta}{360} \times \pi (5.294)^2 \quad (1)$$

$$20.551 \times 360 = \theta \times (5.294)^2$$

$$\theta = \frac{20.551 \times 360}{(5.294)^2} = 263.978 \text{ (3dp)} = 264^\circ \text{ (3sf)} \quad (1)$$

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

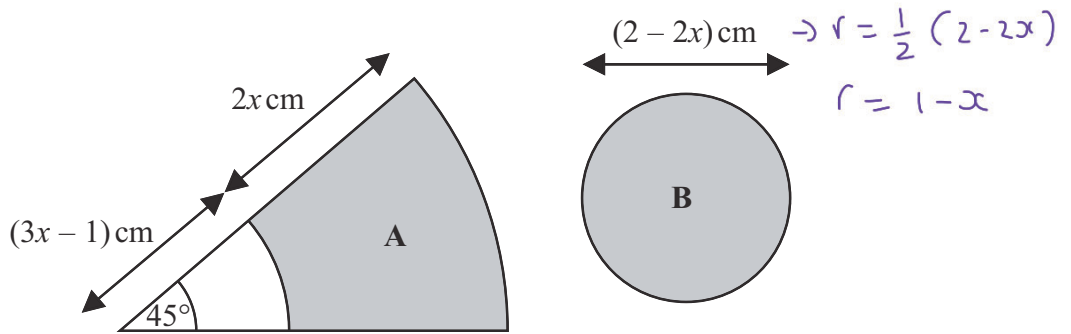
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DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

4. The diagram shows two shaded shapes, A and B.

Shape A is formed by removing a sector of a circle with radius $(3x - 1)$ cm from a sector of the circle with radius $(5x - 1)$ cm.

Shape B is a circle of diameter $(2 - 2x)$ cm.



The area of shape A is equal to the area of shape B.

$$A.O.S = \frac{\theta}{360} \times \pi r^2$$

Find the value of x .

You must show all your working.

Area of shape A = Area of Sector - Cutout.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of sector} &= \frac{45^\circ}{360^\circ} \times \pi \times (5x-1)^2 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{8} \times \pi \times (5x-1)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cutout} &= \frac{45^\circ}{360^\circ} \times \pi \times (3x-1)^2 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{8} \times \pi \times (3x-1)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{8} \pi \left((5x-1)^2 - (3x-1)^2 \right) \quad \begin{matrix} (5x-1)(5x-1) \\ 25x^2 - 5x - 5x + 1 \\ (3x-1)(3x-1) \\ 9x^2 - 3x - 3x + 1 \end{matrix} \\ &= \frac{1}{8} \pi \left((25x^2 - 10x + 1) - (9x^2 - 6x + 1) \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{8} \pi (16x^2 - 4x) \quad \begin{matrix} (1-x)(1-x) \\ 1 - x - x + x^2 \end{matrix} \end{aligned}$$

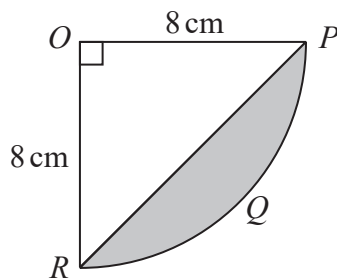
$$\text{Area of B} = \pi(1-x)^2 = \pi(x^2 - 2x + 1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1, x_2 &= \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \\ &= \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(2)(-2)}}{2+2} \\ &= \frac{1}{2}, -2 \quad \checkmark_4 \\ x &= \frac{1}{2} \quad \checkmark_5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \times 8 \quad \left(\frac{1}{8} (16x^2 - 4x) \right) &= \pi(x^2 - 2x + 1) \\ 16x^2 - 4x &= 8x^2 - 16x + 8 \\ 8x^2 + 12x - 8 &= 0 \\ 2x^2 + 3x - 2 &= 0 \quad \checkmark_3 \end{aligned}$$

(Total for Question is 5 marks)

5. The diagram shows a sector $OPQR$ of a circle, centre O and radius 8 cm.



OPR is a triangle.

Work out the area of the shaded segment PQR .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

Shaded area = Area of sector - Area of triangle.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of sector} &= \frac{\theta}{360} (\pi r^2) \\ &= \frac{90}{360} (\pi)(8^2) = 16\pi. \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{\text{base} \times \text{height}}{2} = \frac{8 \times 8}{2} = 32. \quad (1)$$

$$PQR = (16\pi) - 32 = 18.26548\dots$$

$$(1) \quad \approx \underline{\underline{18.3 \text{ cm}^2}} \quad (3 \text{ s.f.}) \quad (1)$$

..... 18.3 cm^2

(Total for Question is 4 marks)